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## **BCMCMCN 601**

## VI Semester B.Com. Degree Examination, June/July 2024 (NEP 2020) (2023 – 24 Batch Onwards) ADVANCED FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT (DSCC)

Time: 2 Hours

Max. Marks: 60

SECTION - A

Answer any five of the following.

 $(5 \times 2 = 10)$ 

- 1. What is cost of capital?
- 2. A Ltd. issues 10,000, 8% debentures of Rs. 500 each at par. Applicable tax rate is 30%. Compute after tax cost of debentures.
- 3. What do you mean by risk in capital budgeting?
- 4. Prakash Ltd. has 1,00,000 equity shares of ₹ 10 each. It has a cost of equity of 10%. Using MM model, calculate the price of the share at the end of the year if ₹ 2 dividend is declared.
- 5. Advaith Ltd. is considering a project and you are required to calculate the expected cash flows:

Cash flows (₹):

50,000

1,00,000

1,20,000

Probability

0.1

25,000

0.4

0.4

0.1

- 6. What is leveraged buyout?
- 7. What is MBO?
- 8. What is ethics in finance?

SECTION - B

Answer any four of the following.

 $(4 \times 5 = 20)$ 

- 9. Bheem Ltd. issued 15% preference shares of Rs. 100 each. They were redeemable at par after 5 years. Calculate the cost of preference shares:
  - i) if it is issued at par
  - ii) if it is issued at a premium of 25%.
- 10. Abhee Constructions has Earnings Before Interest and Tax Rs. 12 lakhs. In its capital structure, it has 12.5% debentures of Rs. 32 lakhs. The overall capitalisation rate is 16%. Calculate the total value of the firm and the equity capitalisation rate under NOI approach.





11. S company employs certainty equivalent approach in the evaluation of the risky projects. The firm has an initial investment of Rs. 1,10,000. The risk free rate of return is 7%. With the information given below, recommend whether the project has to be accepted? project, should the project be accepted for the following cash flows?

-2-

Year	Project S					
	Expected Cash Inflows (Rs.)	Certainty Equivalent Coefficient				
1	90,000	0.8				
2	80,000	0.6				
3	70,000	0.7				
4	65,000	0.8				
5	45,000	0.9				

Year	1	2	3	4	() 5
PV factor @ 7%	0.935	0.873	0.816	0.763	0.713

- 12. BH Co. Ltd. achieved an EPS Rs. 20. The cost of equity was 15% and rate of return was 18%. The dividend payout ratio was 20%. Calculate market price of the share using Gordon's Model. What will be the share price, if payout ratio was increased to 50%?
- Compute EPS, share exchange rate as per EPS and total number of shares issued by acquiring company to the shareholders of target company.

Particulars	X : Acquiring Company	Y : Target Company	
Number of shares	50,000	30,000	
Earnings after tax **	Rs. 13,00,000	Rs. 4,00,000	
10% Preference Shares	. –	Rs. 1,00,000	

 Explain the fundamental principles concerning ethics and governance in Financial Management.



## SECTION - C

Answer any two of the following.





Total	Rs. 80,00,000		
% Debentures	Rs. 30,00,000		
% Preference shares	Rs. 10,00,000		
quity share capital (2,00,000 shares)	Rs. 40,00,000		

The market price of the company's equity share is Rs. 20. It is expected that the company will pay a current dividend of Rs. 2 per share, which will grow at 7% forever. The tax rate may be presumed at 50%. You are required to compute the following:

- i) Weighted average cost of capital based on existing capital structure.
- ii) New weighted average cost of capital, if the company raises an additional Rs. 20,00,000 debt by issuing 10% debentures. This would result in increasing the expected dividend to Rs. 3 and leave the growth unchanged, but the price of the share will fall to Rs. 15 per share.
- From the following information, calculate the market price of the shares of the firms if Dividend Payout Ratio is a) 25% b) 50% and c) 75%. (Use Walter's Model).

	<b>Growth Firm</b>	Normal Firm	Declining Firm
ROI (Return on Investment)	20%	15%	10%
Ke (Cost of Equity)	15%	15%	15%
EPS (Earnings Per Share)	Rs. 4	Rs. 4	Rs. 4

 From the following details, calculate the standard deviation and coefficient of variation.

Project : B	ala	Project : Mala		
Cash Flows (Rs.)	Probability	Cash Flows (Rs.)	Probability	
5,600	0.25	40,000	0.25	
20,800	0.50	20,800	0.50	
36,600	0.25	82,000	0.25	

18. Explain the factors determining the dividend policy of a firm.