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of Business Manag

BBMBMC 155

Credit Based II Semester B.B.M. Examination, April/May 2014 (New Scheme 2012-13) ECONOMICS Managerial Economics

Time: 3 Hours

Max. Marks: 80

Instructions: 1) A single answer booklet containing 40 pages will be provided. No additional sheets will be issued.

2) Follow the instructions strictly.

SECTION - A

Answer any ten in 2-3 sentences each.

 $(1 \times 10 = 10)$

- 1. a) What is super normal profit?
 - b) Why the LAC curve called envelop curve?
 - c) Define monopsony.
 - d) Distinguish between explicit and implicit cost.
 - e) Give the meaning of the term equilibrium.
 - f) What is Delphi method?
 - g) Define market.
 - h) What is the common name for AR?
 - i) Why the prices tend to be rigid under oligopoly?
 - j) State any two criteria of a good demand forecasting technique.
 - k) What do you mean by shut down point?
 - I) What is opportunity cost?

SECTION-B

Answer any five in not more than 2 pages each.

 $(5 \times 5 = 25)$

- 2. Explain the meaning and importance of capital budgeting.
- 3. Classify monopoly.
- 4. Explain the objectives of short term and long term demand forecasting.

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- 5. Describe sales maximisation as an alternative to profit maximisation principle.
- 6. Explain the different types of internal economics of scale.
- 7. Equality between MC and MR explain the equilibrium of the firm. Explain.
- 8. Distinguish between perfect competition and monopoly.

SECTION - C

Answer should not exceed 6 pages each.

(3×15=45)

9. Describe the nature and scope of managerial economics.

OR

Explain the cost output relationship in the short run with suitable examples and diagrams.

10. What is monopolistic competition? How does a firm attain equilibrium under monopolistic competition?

OR

Explain the law of variable proportions.

 Explain the equilibrium of a firm and industry in the short run and long run under conditions of perfect competition.

OR

Define demand forecasting. Explain the different methods of demand forecasting.