				13.6



BCACAC 262

Credit Based IV Semester B.C.A. Degree Examination, April/May 2015 (New Syllabus) (2013-2014 Batch Onwards) PRINCIPLES OF TCP/IP

Time: 3 Hours

Max. Marks: 80

Note: Answer any ten questions from Part – A and one full question from each Unit of Part – B.

PART-A

1. a) Expand IRTF and CSNET.

 $(10 \times 2 = 20)$

- b) What is loopback address? Why is it used?
- c) Define internet protocol.
- d) What is indirect delivery of datagram?
- e) Name the contents of routing table.
- f) What is subnet mask?
- g) Expand IMAP and MIME.
- h) What is internet domain name system?
- i) What is the purpose of Telnet?
- j) What are name servers?
- k) Give the general structure of if IPv6 datagram.
- I) What is the purpose of POP?

PART-B

Unit - I

- 2. a) What is IAB? Explain the organization of IAB.
 - b) Explain three primary classes of IP addresses.
 - c) Explain the TCP/IP reference model.

(4+6+5)

P.T.O.

c) Write a note on TFTP.



(6+5+4)

a) Write a note on evolutionary history of internet services. b) What is reverse address resolution protocol? Explain. Write a short note on : (i) Dotted decimal notation (ii) Direct broadcast (5+4+6)address. Unit - II 4. a) What is RIP? Explain the working of RIP. b) Explain IP routing algorithm. c) What is BGP ? Explain any four characteristics of BGP. (5+5+5)5. a) What is next-hop routing? Explain with example. b) What is subnet addressing? Explain. c) Write a short note on: (i) HELLO protocol (ii) Open SPF protocol. (5+4+6)Unit - III 6. a) Explain the format of UDP datagram. b) What is Karn's algorithm. Explain. Briefly explain the steps involved in Domain name resolution. (5+4+6)7. a) What is sliding window technique? Explain its advantages. b) Explain different fields of Domain server message format. c) Write a note on send-side silly window avoidance. (6+6+3)Unit - IV 8. a) What is FTP? Explain FTP process model with diagram. b) List and explain any five features of IPv6. c) Write a note on SMTP. (6+5+4)a) Give the format of IPv6 base header. Explain its fields. b) What is NFS? Explain NFS implementation with diagram.