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**MBAH 502** 

# III Semester M.B.A. Degree Examination, November/December 2019

(Choice Based Credit System)

## BUSINESS ADMINISTRATION

# Management Accounting

Time: 3 Hours]

Max. Marks: 70

### SECTION - A

(Compulsory)

Answer any two questions. Each question carries 10 marks. Answer to the question should not exceed 6 pages:  $(2 \times 10 = 20)$ 

- Provide a comparative distinction between Financial Accounting and Management Accounting. Also discuss various tools used in Management Accounting.
- What do you understand a budget? Explain the different steps involved in preparation of budget.
- Explain the discounted and non discounted cash flow methods used in capital budgeting techniques. Evaluate the accept reject rules followed in these capital budgeting techniques.

#### SECTION - B

Answer any three questions. Each question carries 12 marks. Answer to the question should not exceed 6 pages:  $(3 \times 12 = 36)$ 

4. From the following information supplied to you, determine the appropriate weighted average cost of capital, relevant for evaluating long term investment projects of the company:

Cost of equity:

12%

7%

4%

After-tax cost of long-term loans:

After-tax cost of short term loans:

P.T.O.

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Source of capital	Book Value (Rs.)	Market Value (Rs.)
Equity	5,00,000	7,50,000
Long-term debt	4,00,000	3,75,000
Short-term debt	1,00,000	1,00,000
	Total	12,25,000

- What do you understand by responsibility centers? Explain the role of cost centre, revenue centre, investment centre and profit centre.
- 6. A watch manufacturing company is operating at 70% capacity and presents the following information:

Break-even point Rs. 200 crores

P.V. Ratio

40 per cent

Margin of safety

Rs. 50 crores

The company's management has decided to increase production to 95 percent capacity level with the following modifications:

- The selling price will be reduced by 8 percent
- The variable cost will be reduced by 5 percent on sales
- The fixed cost will increase by Rs. 20 crores, including depreciation on additions, but excluding interest on additional capital
- Additional capital of Rs. 50 crores will be needed for capital expenditure and working capital.

You are required to find out the following:

- (a) Indicate the sales figures, with the working that will be needed to earn Rs. 10 crores over and above the present profit and also meet 20 percent interest on the additional capital.
- (b) What will be the revised;
  - (i) Break-even point
  - (ii) P.V. Ratio
  - (iii) Margin of safety
- Examine critically the different approaches to the calculation of cost of equity capital.



From the following information given, calculate (a) Debt equity ratio
 (b) Interest coverage ratio (c) Debt to total fund ratio (d) Return on investment ratio and (e) Capital turnover ratio

Particulars	Amount (Rs.)	
Share capital	3,20,000	
General reserve	1,20,000	
Profit and Loss A/c	2,00,000	
Loan @ 15% interest	4,00,000	
Sale for the year	11,20,000	
Tax paid during the year	80,000	
Profit for the year after interest & tax	1,60,000	

# SECTION - C (Compulsory)

Answer to the question should not exceed 6 pages. This question carries 14 marks.  $(1 \times 14 = 14)$ 

 From the following Balance Sheet of Ramsons & Co. Ltd., as on 31st December, 2018 you are required to prepare Fund Flow Statement.

Balance Sheet							
2017 (Rs.)	2018 (Rs.)	Assets	2017 (Rs.)	2018 (Rs.)			
		Fixed Assets	5,10,000	6,20,000			
3,00,000	3,50,000	Investments	30,000	80,000			
		Sundry debtors	40,000	75,000			
2,00,000	1,00,000	Stock	1,00,000	2,00,000			
1,00,000	2,00,000	Bills receivable	1,00,000	1,00,000			
1,10,000	2,70,000	Discount on					
		debenture	10,000	5,000			
10,000	15,000						
35,000	45,000	april 1					
35,000	1,00,000						
7,90,000	10,80,000		7,90,000	10,80,000			
	(Rs.) 3,00,000 2,00,000 1,00,000 1,10,000 10,000 35,000 35,000	2017 (Rs.) 2018 (Rs.)  3,00,000 3,50,000  2,00,000 1,00,000 1,00,000 2,00,000 1,10,000 2,70,000  10,000 15,000 35,000 45,000 35,000 1,00,000	2017 (Rs.) (Rs.)  Fixed Assets  3,00,000 3,50,000 Investments  Sundry debtors  2,00,000 1,00,000 Stock  1,00,000 2,00,000 Bills receivable  1,10,000 2,70,000 Discount on  debenture  10,000 15,000  35,000 45,000  35,000 1,00,000	2017 (Rs.) (Rs.) Assets 2017 (Rs.) Fixed Assets 5,10,000 3,00,000 3,50,000 Investments 30,000 Sundry debtors 40,000 2,00,000 1,00,000 Stock 1,00,000 1,00,000 2,00,000 Bills receivable 1,00,000 1,10,000 2,70,000 Discount on debenture 10,000 10,000 15,000 35,000 45,000 35,000 1,00,000			

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## Additional Information:

- (a) Provision for depreciation stood at Rs. 1,50,000 on 31<sup>st</sup> December, 2017 and at Rs. 1,90,000 on 31<sup>st</sup> December, 2018.
- (b) During the year 2018, a machine costing Rs. 70,000 (book value Rs. 40,000) was disposed off for Rs. 25,000.
- (c) Preference share redemption was carried out at a premium of 5% on 1st January 2018 and
- (d) Dividend @ 15% was paid on equity shares for the year 2017.