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BCMCMC 314

Credit Based V Semester B.Com. Examination, Nov./Dec. 2018 (2016-17 Batch Onwards) FINANCIAL ACCOUNTING – V

Time: 3 Hours

Max. Marks: 120

Instruction: Provide working notes wherever necessary.

SECTION - A

Answer any four questions :

 $(4 \times 6 = 24)$

- 1. Ashwini Ltd. has the following preference shares:
 - a) 4,000, 6% preference shares of ₹ 100 each fully paid and
 - b) 1,000, 7% preference shares of ₹ 100 each, ₹ 90 paid up

The Co. decided to redeem both of its preference shares at par. For this purpose, it made a fresh issue of 4,000 equity shares of ₹ 100 each at 10% premium. The Co. has sufficient profits.

Pass the Journal Entries.

- 2. On 1st January 2014, Arun Ltd. issued 2,000, 5% debentures of ₹ 100 each repayable at the end of 4 years. It has been decided to set up a sinking fund for the purpose. The annual amount to be invested is ₹ 49,453. Show the sinking Fund A/c for 4 years. Assuming the rate of interest on investments to be 4% p.a.
- 3. How do you treat the following items in the Final Accounts of a Joint Stock Company?
 - a) Prepaid insurance
 - b) Proposed dividend
 - c) Debenture interest.



4. Following is the Balance Sheet of Manohar Ltd. as on 31-3-2018:

Liabilities	₹	Assets	₹
Share capital:		Fixed assets	1,50,000
20,000 Equity shares of ₹ 10	2,00,000	Stock	2,00,000
8%, 5,000 Preference shares		Debtors	2,00,000
of ₹ 10 each	50,000	Bank	1,00,000
General reserve	1,00,000		instruction
Profit and Loss A/c	1,00,000		
Creditors	1,00,000		
Provision for tax	1,00,000		
	6,50,000		6,50,000

The fixed assets were valued at ₹2,00,000 and there is a RBD at 10%. Compute the intrinsic value of the share.

- 5. Briefly explain the various methods of valuation of goodwill.
- 6. What is meant by consolidated Balance Sheet? How is it prepared?

SECTION - B

Answer any four questions.	tor 4 years it has been deci-	(4×12=4
es e 49,468. Show the sinteng		(4×12=4

7. Following is the Balance Sheet of Kalpana Ltd. as on 31-3-2018:

Liabilities	and n ₹ me	Assets	uovinh w₹4
Share capital:		Cash at bank	2,00,000
40,000 equity shares of		S. Assets	6,25,000
₹ 10 each	4,00,000	50/05/08/	
15,000, 6% red. preference	•		
shares of ₹ 10 each	1,50,000		



10,000, 7% red. preference

shares of ₹ 10 each, ₹ 7 paid 70,000

Profit and Loss A/c 1,75,000

Creditors 30,000

8,25,000

On the above date preference shares are Redeemed to the extent possible at a premium of 10%. For this purpose, the Co. issues 1,000 fresh equity shares

Pass Journal Entries and redraft Balance Sheet.

8. Aravind Ltd. has ₹ 60,000, 5% debentures outstanding on 1st Jan. 2016. On that date, the debenture redemption fund stood at ₹ 50,000 represented by ₹ 59,000, 3% Govt. securities. The annual installment added to the debenture

On 31st Dec. 2016, the balance at bank (After interest on investment has been received) was ₹1,56,200. On that date, the investments were sold at 83% net and the debentures were paid off.

Prepare for the year 2016:

- a) 5% Debentures A/c
- b) Debenture Fund A/c
- c) Debenture Fund Investment A/c
- d) Bank A/c.
- 9. From the following Balances, prepare Profit and Loss A/c of Nava Bharath Co. Ralancee

balances	
cabantures sealed 6,50,000	Amt.
Sales unadelo ni fagrafai materiali della della	₹
Sales Discount received Purchases	9,00,000
ruichases	10 000
Wages	6,00,000
51. 1 4-2017	60,000
Purchase returns	2,00,000
Stock on 31-3-2018	20,000
	1,80,000

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Depreciation		10,000
Provision for doubtful debts		1,000
S. Expenses		12,000
Salaries and wages		24,000
Interest on debentures		1,000
Cost of material consumed		10,000
Note: Make provision for tax a	t the rate of FOO/ of	

Note: Make provision for tax at the rate of 50% of profit before tax.

- 10. The following particulars are available in relation to White Co. Ltd.
 - a) Capital: 500, 6% preference shares of ₹ 100 each fully paid, 5,000 equity shares of ₹ 10 each fully paid.
 - b) Liabilities: Creditors ₹ 5,000, bills payable ₹ 2,000, O/s expenses ₹ 2,000.
 - c) Reserves and surplus ₹ 5,000.
 - d) The average normal profit (after tax and reserve) by the Co. ₹ 10,000.
 - e) The normal rate of return on the same type of Co. is 10%.

Calculate the fair value of share assuming that out of the total assets worth ₹ 500 are fictitious.

11. The Balance Sheet of Hari Prasad Ltd. as on 31-3-2018 is as follows:

	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				
Liabilities	₹	Assets	#U#U #\0 B#		
30,000 Equity shares		Goodwill	20,000		
of ₹ 10 each	3,00,000	Fixed assets	3,60,000		
General reserve	1,80,000	Investments	sia misd (b		
Provision for tax	20,000	5% Govt. bonds	40,000		
5% Debentures	1,00,000	Current Assets	2,00,000		
Creditors	50,000	Preliminary exp.	20,000		
		Discount on	,		
		debentures	10,000		
(±0-00-0	6,50,000		6 50 000		
The average profit of the C	o after dod	inting interest ' I I	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,		

The average profit of the Co. after deducting interest in debentures and taxes is ₹ 32,000. The market value of the machinery included in fixed assets ₹ 10,000 and current assets ₹ 5,000 are more. Expected rate of return is 10%. Compute the value of goodwill of the Co. at four times in super profits.



12. H Ltd. acquires the shares of S Ltd. on 31st Dec. 2017 when the Balance Sheet

Liabilities	- G G G	nuel .		and noc	Sheet
Share capital	H Ltd.	S Ltd.	Assets	H Ltd.	S Ltd.
(in ₹ 10 shares) General reserve Profit and Loss A/c 10% Debentures	20,000 5,000 3,000	3,000 2,000	F. Assets C. Assets Shares in S Ltd. (750 Shares	₹ 20,000 13,000	₹ 10,000 12,000
S. Creditors	5,000	5,000 2,000	at cost)	10,000	4-7 bay -
You are required to p	43,000 repare the	22,000 consolida	ted Balance Shoot	43,000	22,000

You are required to prepare the consolidated Balance Sheet as on 31-12-2017.

SECTION - C

at the end of 5" year would Answer any two questions:

 $(2 \times 24 = 48)$

13. The Balance Sheet of Bhaskar Co. Ltd. as on 31-3-2018 was as follows:

Liabilities	askar Co. Ltd. a	s on 31-3-2018 was a	s follows ·
8%, Preference shares	₹	Assets	₹
of ₹ 10 each Equity shares	15,00,000		23,00,000 9,00,000
of ₹ 10 each Share premium General reserve Profit and Loss A/c Current liabilities	27,00,000 3,00,000 6,00,000 7,50,000 8,40,000	Furniture Investments Stock Debtors Bank	6,00,000 8,40,000 9,00,000 4,50,000 7,00,000
The Co. decided to redeem	66,90,000		66,90,000

The Co. decided to redeem its preference shares at a premium of 5% on the following terms:

- 1) A fresh issue of equity shares to the extent required was made at 20% premium.
- 2) All the investments were sold at ₹ 8,10,000.



- 3) The directors wish that P/L A/c be fully utilised and ₹ 1,00,000 be left in General Reserve A/c.
 - a) Pass the Journal Entries.
 - b) Prepare Equity Share Capital A/c, Share Premium A/c and Bank A/c.
 - c) Balance Sheet after redemption.
- 14. Voltas Ltd. issued ₹ 2,00,000 in 10% debentures of ₹ 100 each at par on 1-4-2013 repayable at the end of 5 years at a premium of 6%. A debenture redemption fund at 4%. Compound interest is created for the redemption of debentures. The investments were made multiplies of ₹ 10 in Govt. bonds. The investments realised 10% below book value and the debentures were redeemed on 31-3-2018. On 31-3-2018, the co. had a bank balance of ₹ 90,000 (Before interest on investment).

Note: ₹ 1 per year at 4% compound interest at the end of 5th year would become ₹ 5.4163.

Prepare in the books of Voltas Ltd.

- 1) 10% Debenture A/c
- 2) Debenture Redemption Fund A/c
- 3) Debenture Redemption Fund Investment A/c
- 4) Bank A/c
- 5) Debenture Holders A/c.
- 15. Below is given the Balance Sheet of ABC Co. Ltd. as at 31st March 2016:

Liabilities	₹,,	Assets	₹
Share Capital:		Land and building	2,70,000
6000 shares of Rs. 100 each		Plant and machinery	1,00,000
fully paid	6,00,000	Stock	3,60,000
Profit and Loss A/c	40,000	Sundry debtors	1,60,000
Bank Overdraft	10,000	e. Excelled Lad Sermb	
Creditors as about as when the same as the	80,000		
Provision for taxation	1,60,000		
	8,90,000		8,90,000

The net profits of the Company after deducting usual working expenses but before providing for taxation were as under:

Year	₹
2011-12	1,70,000
2012-13	2,10,000
2013-14	1,80,000
2014-15	2,20,000
2015-16	2,00,000

On 31st March 2016, Land and Buildings were valued at ₹ 2,80,000 and Plant and Machinery at ₹ 1,20,000, Sundry Debtors on the same day included ₹ 4,000 as irrecoverable.

Keeping in mind the nature of business a 10% return on the net tangible capital invested considered reasonable.

You are required to calculate the intrinsic value of the share. Your own valuation of goodwill may be based on 5 years purchase of the annual super profits (The tax rate is to be assumed at 50%).

16. 'H' Ltd. acquired 80% of the shares of 'S' Ltd. on 1st Jan. 2017 at a total cost of ₹ 4,25,000. The Balance Sheet of the two Co.'s as on 31st Dec. 2017 is given below:

Liabilities Share capital:	H. Ltd. ₹	S. Ltd.	Assets	H. Ltd.	₹
Shares of ₹ 10 each			Land and builid Plant and	ings 4,65,000	1,85,000
Preference shares	5,00,000 s 2,00,000	2,50,000	machinery Stock	1,50,000 1,55,000	1,09,000 70,800
General reserve P & L A/c	3,50,000	15,000 1,50,000	Investments Debtors Bank	4,25,000 1,20,000	62,700
Creditors	70,000 14,20,000	65,000 4,80,000		1,05,000 14,20,000	52,500 4,80,000



The following further information is to be considered:

- a) Creditors in 'H' Ltd. include ₹ 20,000 for goods purchased from 'S' Ltd. on which 'S' Ltd. made a profit of ₹ 5,000.
- b) Half of the goods sold as above were still included in the stock of 'H' Ltd.
- c) The General Reserve of 'S' Ltd. represents the Balance on 1st Jan. 2017, Profit and Loss A/c Balance on 1st Jan. 2017 was ₹ 50,000 out of which dividend at the rate of 10% was paid for the year 2016.

Prepare consolidated Balance Sheet of 'H' Ltd. as at 31st Dec. 2017.

and Machinery at ₹ 1